

GOD COMES TO MEET MAN

REVELATION OF GOD AND TRANSMISSION OF DIVINE REVELATION





Article I REVELATION OF GOD

- I. God Reveals His "Plan of Loving Goodness"
- II. The Stages of Revelation
- III. Christ Jesus—"Mediator and Fullness of All Revelation"





Article II

TRANSMISSION OF DIVINE REVELATION

- I. The Apostolic Tradition
- II. The Relationship Between Tradition and Sacred Scripture
- III. The Interpretation of the Heritage of Faith



REVELATION OF GOD

50. By natural reason man can know God with certainty, on the basis of his works. But there is another order of knowledge, which man cannot possibly arrive at by his own powers: the order of divine Revelation. Through an utterly free decision, God has revealed himself and given himself to man. This he does by revealing the mystery, his plan of loving goodness, formed from all eternity in Christ, for the benefit of all men. God has fully revealed this plan by sending us his beloved Son, our Lord Jesus Christ, and the Holy Spirit.



I. GOD REVEALS HIS "PLAN OF LOVING GOODNESS"





II. THE STAGES OF REVELATION





III. CHRIST JESUS— "MEDIATOR AND FULLNESS OF ALL REVELATION"



IN BRIEF

68. By love, God has revealed himself and given himself to man. He has thus provided the definitive, superabundant answer to the questions that man asks himself about the meaning and purpose of his life.

69. God has revealed himself to man by gradually communicating his own mystery in deeds and in words.

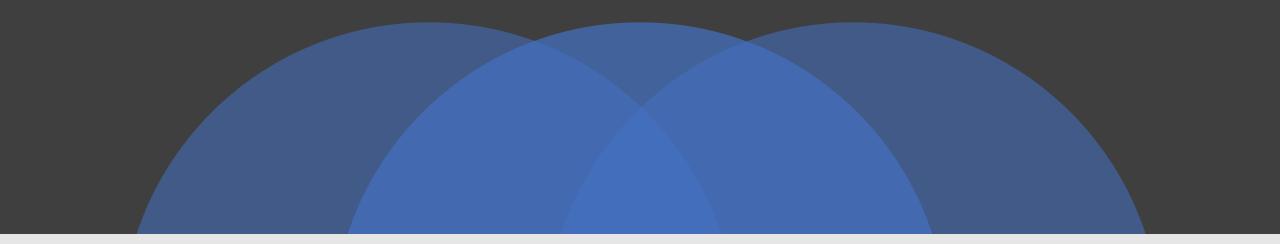
70. Beyond the witness to himself that God gives in created things, he manifested himself to our first parents, spoke to them and, after the fall, promised them salvation and offered them his covenant.

71. God made an everlasting covenant with Noah and with all living beings. It will remain in force as long as the world lasts.

72. God chose Abraham and made a covenant with him and his descendants. By the covenant God formed his people and revealed his law to them through Moses. Through the prophets, he prepared them to accept the salvation destined for all humanity.

73. God has revealed himself fully by sending his own Son, in whom he has established his covenant for ever. the Son is his Father's definitive Word; so there will be no further Revelation after him.





QUESTIONS? COMMENTS?



THE TRANSMISSION OF DIVINE REVELATION

74. God "desires all men to be saved and to come to the knowledge of the truth" that is, of Christ Jesus. Christ must be proclaimed to all nations and individuals, so that this revelation may reach to the ends of the earth:

God graciously arranged that the things he had once revealed for the salvation of all peoples should remain in their entirety, throughout the ages, and be transmitted to all generations.



I. THE APOSTOLIC TRADITION





II. THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN TRADITION AND SACRED SCRIPTURE





III. THE INTERPRETATION OF THE HERRITAGE OF FAITH



IN BRIEF

96. What Christ entrusted to the apostles, they in turn handed on by their preaching and writing, under the inspiration of the Holy Spirit, to all generations, until Christ returns in glory.

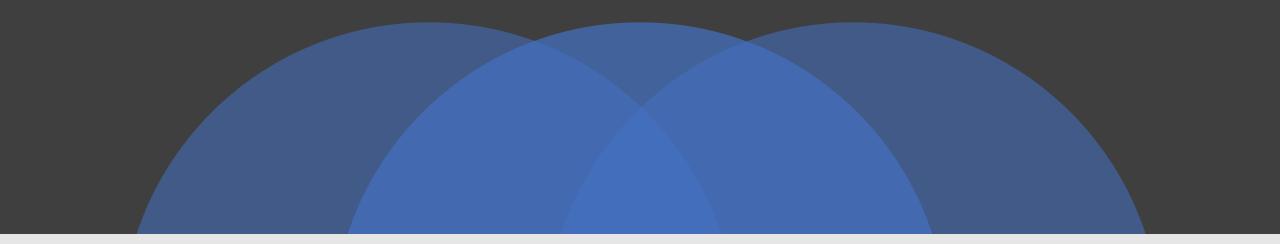
97. "Sacred Tradition and Sacred Scripture make up a single sacred deposit of the Word of God" (DV 10) in which, as in a mirror, the pilgrim Church contemplates God, the source of all her riches.

98. "The Church, in her doctrine, life and worship, perpetuates and transmits to every generation all that she herself is, all that she believes" (DV 8).

99. Thanks to its supernatural sense of faith, the People of God as a whole never ceases to welcome, to penetrate more deeply and to live more fully from the gift of divine Revelation.

100. The task of interpreting the Word of God authentically has been entrusted solely to the Magisterium of the Church, that is, to the Pope and to the bishops in communion with him.





QUESTIONS? COMMENTS?



